IBE

kwalifikacje po europejsku Experiences of the implementation of the Polish Qualification Framework, recommendations to the Hungarian development



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PQF in a nuthshell

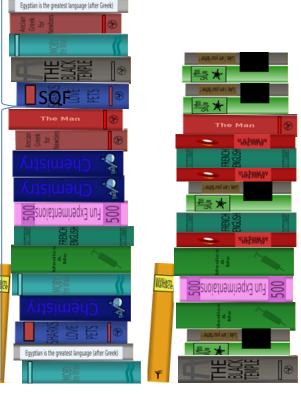
- reforming framework (follow-up of undertaken reforms)
- tool for integration of the national qualification system
- comprehensive scope
- multi layer PQF structure
- based on expert knowledge, research and stakeholders involvement
- systemic approach: LO, QA, validation, credit accumulation and transfer





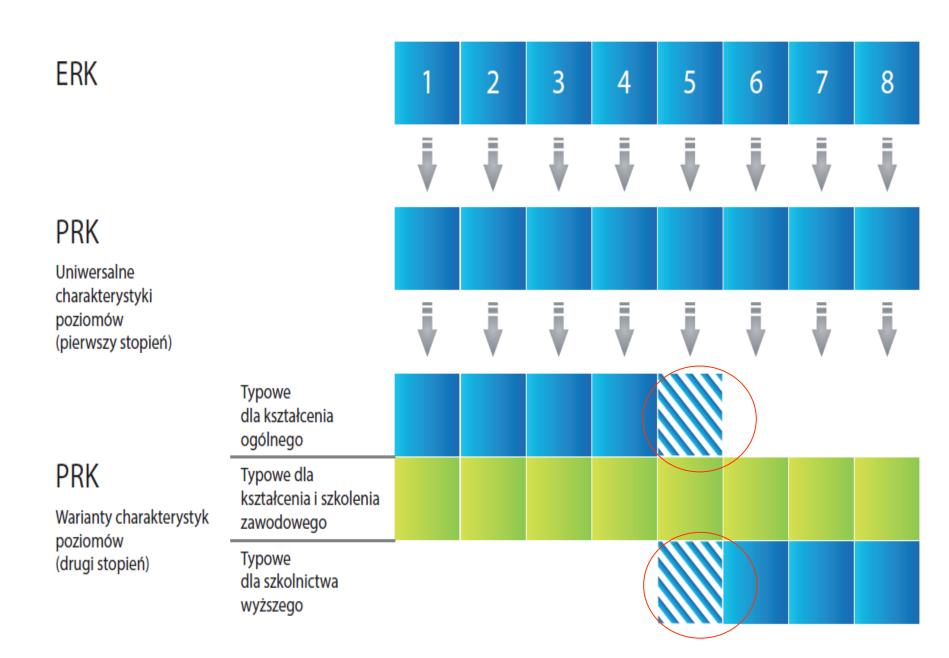




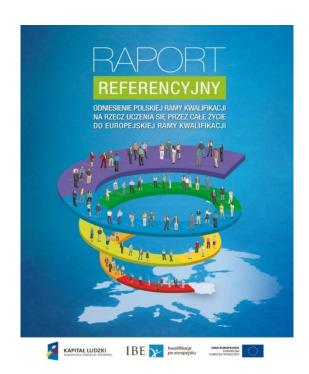




Schemat Polskiej Ramy Kwalifikacji



Polish Referencing report 2013



http://www.kwalifikacje.edu.pl/en/

What after the referencing report?

The Polish Integrated

Qualification System.

Why do we need the Integrated Qualification System in Poland?

- relatively high autonomy of the specific subsystems (of the qualifications system)
- different quality assurance procedures, often do not corresponding to the same standards
- no comprehensive and generally accessible source of information on available qualifications
- it is difficult to choose a proper education offer (particularly after completion of formal education)
- validation of competencies acquired outside of the formal education not well developed
- the way the "qualifications market" currently functioning in Poland affects the development of lifelong learning







Definitions:

Integrated Qualifications System:

Entirety of measures serving the purpose of establishing, awarding and providing quality assurance of qualifications included in the integrated register (IQR).

Integrated Qualifications Register:

A public register including qualifications awarded in Poland. Criteria of entering a qualification into IQR are provided by the law.

Polish Qualifications Framework (PQF):

The description of the hierarchy of qualifications levels entered into the integrated qualifications register in Poland.

Integration of QS in Poland – basic premises (I)

- the qualifications subsystems existing in Poland do not loose their autonomy
- the integration of the subsystems by the formulation of general principles of quality assurance and implementing:
 - Polish Qualifications Framework (PQF)
 - Integrated Qualifications Register (IQR)
- the implementation of the PQF and IQR will be evolutionary
- all the qualifications awarded in the formal general, vocational and higher education systems will be included in the IQR
- not all the qualifications functioning in Poland will be included in the IQR







Integration of QS in Poland – basic premises (II) quality assurance

- qualifications included in the IQR will be awarded taking into account the standard requirements for quality assurance
- validating and certificating institutions will be:
 - required to have an internal quality assurance system
 - subjected to an external quality supervision







Integration of QS in Poland – basic premises (III) role of IQR

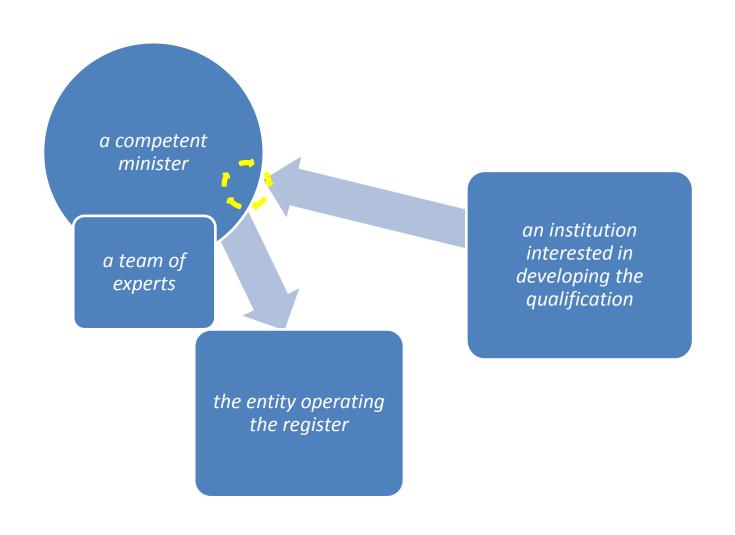
- IQR will gather reliable information about registered qualifications,
- the information collected in the IQR will be made available through an Internet NQS portal linked with the EQF portal.
- all qualifications in the IQR will have assigned a PQF level,
- the description of each registered qualification will include the same set of information,
- entering the qualification into the IQR will be based on the decision of establishing the qualification by the competent Ministry





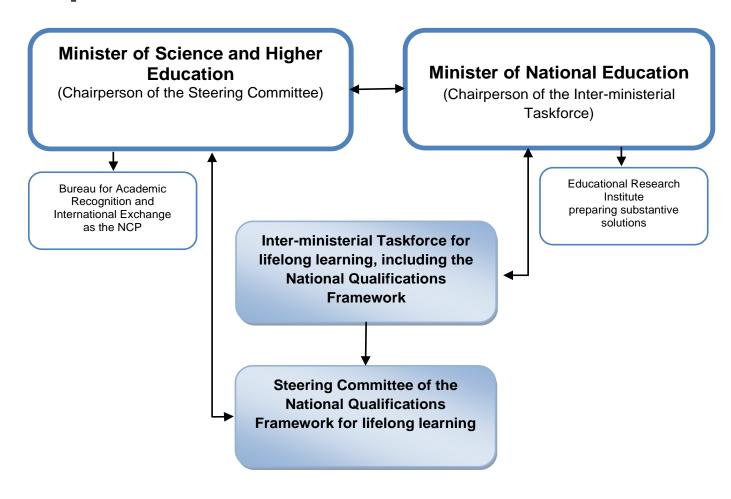


Integrated qualifications register (IV)



Legislative process

Institutions responsible for NQF implementation



Where we are in legislative process?

- Referencing Report received approval of the Commission on European Affairs, acting on behalf of the Council of Ministers on 15th of May 2013.
- Lesgislation Working Group set up by the Ministry of National Education at the beginning of 2014 to propose premises of the legal act on Integrated Qualifications System
- On March 31, 2015, the Council of Ministers adopted the principles of the proposed legislation on the integrated qualifications system.
- 4. By 2016 the legal act on the Integrated Qualifications System should be adopted (government declaration) but parliamentary election in Autumn 2015
- 5. Sectoraly QF for HE introduced by Amendments to the HE Act in 2011 and 2014.







What are the barriers?

- Legislative barriers:
- The need to adapt a large number of legal acts
- Risks related to the legislative process in a democratic system (continuity)
- Institutional and financial barriers:
- No government body has a comprehensive responsibility for LLL
- Insufficient institutional infrastructure for the quality assurance system and the validation of non-formal and informal learning.







What are the driving forces?

- Stakeholders:
- Social partners (trade unions and employers organisations)
- Awarding bodies from the non-formal sector
- The others
- Ministry of National Education, Ministry of Science and HE
- European Commission:
- European Social Fund devoted to LLL development
- European experts wise policy learning (not policy borrowing)







What are the driving forces?

Stakeholders: assigning PQF levels to qualifications – cooperation

- How to assign levels? What are experiences of other countries?
 - Does universal methodology exist? Discussion with stakeholders the best solution.
- Invitation for sectors representatives (but also from different education sectors)
- Multistage process, mutual learning. Methodology which is designed and accepted by social partners

What are the driving forces?

Stakeholders – consultation participants



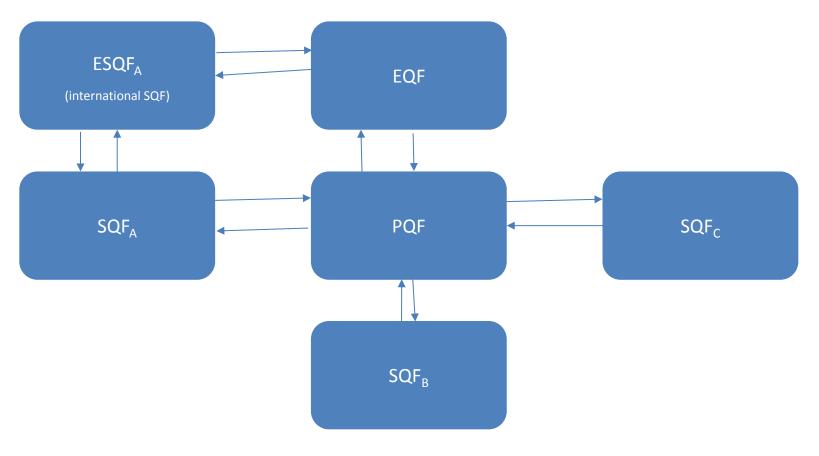
Including representatives of:

- government departments
- employee and employer organisations
- labour market institutions, including employment agencies
- labour market institutions, including employment agencies
- institutions providing educational and training assistance and support to jobseekers
- teachers, lecturers, trainers

Discussion of key elements for the PQF

- terminology, specification of the framework, PQF coherence
- •all learning pathways: formal and non-formal education, informal learning
- principal barriers to lifelong learning and the PQF's role in overcoming these
- developments of methods to develop the PQF in Poland with stakeholder involvement
- competence validation model and quality assurance procedures

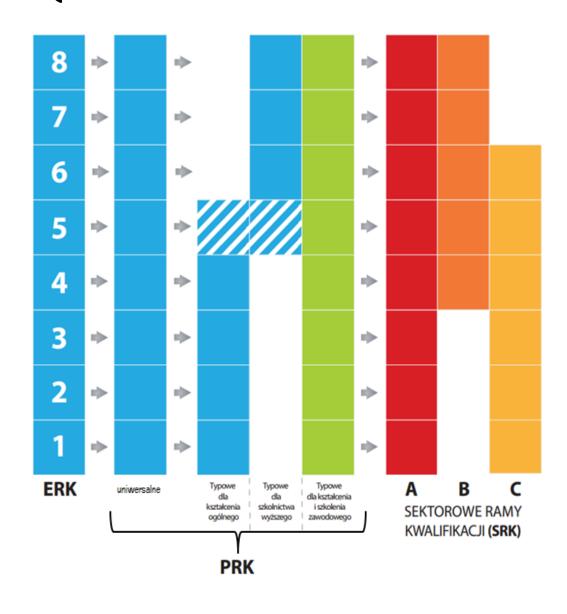
Driving forces: Sectoral Qualifications Framework



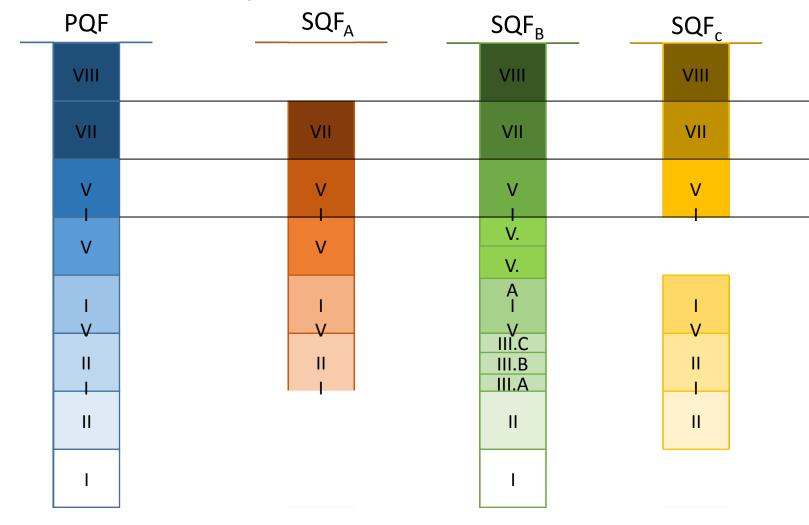
Sectoral qualifications frameworks in Poland

- Pilot projects in five sectors:
- □ Banking
- ☐ Sports
- ☐ Telecommunications
- ☐ Tourism
- ☐ IT (in progress)
- ☐ Introducing of 16 more...

Sectoral Qualification Frameworks in the IQS



Different sectors – different levels, one reference – PQF



Recommendations (?) What works in Poland?

Recommendations (I)

- Reforms within formal sector help (introduction of LO, QA, RPL)
- 2. Involvement of stakeholders Not only to consult but to develop the NQF and systemic solutions. Need to distinguish different stakeholders groups: those with whom we work on systemic solution; those with whom we communicate and disseminate information.
- 3. The role of national agencies to stimulate the involvement of stakeholders if the stakeholders groups are dispersed. Use the ESF funds in these activities.







Recommendations (II)

- 4. Involvement of ministries at the early stage to raise awareness of QF but one governmental agency should be responsible.
- 5. One glossary of key terms related to the NQS otherwise difficult to work together because every community of experts attach different meaning to the same terms.
- 6. Wise policy learning on basis of experiences of the EU countries.
- 7. Involvement into the EU projects related to LLL (Erasmus+, Horizon 2020)







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